MANAGERS SAY 25,000 WILL BE NEEDED

Coliseum in Readiness with 7,000 Scats and Standing Room for 3.000 -Independents Seeking Canaddates—Committee Meeting.

The local entertainment committee that is looking up accommodations for those who will be the city's visitors during the independent convention is at work canvassing for rooms, and has now a list showing accommodations for a little over 8,000 people. This will, of course, be very largely increased during the next few days, but it will still be insufficient unless the people generally bestir themselves and evince more

at in the matter. The finance committee has secured \$6.853 on subscription, and of this amount \$4,900 has been paid in. The outstanding \$1,900 is as good as collected, as it was subscribed for good as collected, as it was subscribed for specific purposes, and will be forthcoming when needed. The street railway company, which subscribed \$1,500, nas paid in \$500, and the remaining \$1,000 is for the rent of the chairs which are now being placed in the Collecum, and will be paid when called for. The committee had \$2,200 yet to raise, and it must be secured in ordecto carry out the promises made by he local committee to the national executive

Must Have More Lodgings.

The feature over which the com-mitten feels the most apprehension is that of sleeping accommodations. It is a certainty that the crowd, however large it may be, will find no difficulty getting enough to cat, but there is as yet a scarcity of suitable places whereon the visitors may lay their heads at night.

It has been frequently suggested that there is a number of halls as well as school houses and vacant buildings in which cots could be piaced and many thousands. thus accommodated, but no step has yet been made in that direction. The lowest estimate made as to the number of those from outside who will be in the city during the conven-tion is not less than 25,000, and as ac-commodations have been secured for barely one-third of that number, the question of what will be done with the balance is naturally causing a great deal of uneasiness among those who are interested in properly caring for the visitors. Said Mr. V. O. Strickler this morn-

Thousands Are Coming. "It is simply a question of whether or not we are going to allow these people to walk the streets all night. They are coming, just as surely as the day dawns, and if there is no place for them to steep they will have to sit up. That is all there is to it. It isn't a question of sentiment or speculation, but of plain, cold feet. Omaha has solicited the convention to come here and it is coming. It must be taken care of or Omaha must suffer for failing to provide

"It is true that but a comparatively small part of the places that we have secured have as yet been engaged by those who are coming, but it must not be inferred from that that few will be here. The fact is, those who are coming are for the most part cople who have never before attended a national convention, and do not, therefore, ap preciate the importance of securing their

ooms in advance.
"Thoy will pour in on us in a stream on the eve of the convention, trusting in the assur ances sent out that they would be received and properly taken care of. They have been assured that members of the reception committee would meet them at the depots and assign them to suitable quarters, and that bureaus of information located there would be possessed of all the information regarding hotels and public and private boarding houses

that they would care to know.
"Other cities not so large as Omaha nor as well able to care for big crowds have taken care of immense gatherings by throw-ing open their private houses, and this is what we must do if we are to creditably take care of our visitors. Our citizens have been told this time and again, but they don't seem to realize the full truth and importance of it.

"There are at least a thousand homes in this city where there is a guest chamber, which would ordinarily accommodate two, that an additional cot or two would in no wise injure, and it would help to solve this problem. I am satisfied that many have not yet offered the use of rooms even without increasing the capacity.

"Our citizens may not want to turn their houses into hotels, but it is what is done in other cities, and it is what we must do to a certain extent. It will not hurt our houses in the least and it will help the city year, materially.

It will not hurt our houses in the least and it will help the city very materially.

"There is also a splendid opportunity for any one to make a little spending money by renting vacant rooms or ouidings down town and putting in cots. There will be many of the visitors who will be up until late at night and will want but a few hours' sleep. They would rather hire a cot down town than to go out two or three miles, even town than to go out two or three miles, ever town than to go out two or three miles, even if by so doing they could get a room to them-selves. They would gladly pay 50 cents for such lodging, and it should be provided. The botels will full their corridors, and even din-ing rooms, if they follow the example of the Chicago hotels during the late convention.

"If we provide a place for every one to sleep there can be no kick, but if we leave thousands to walk the streets they will not say the kindest things about us when they go home, and no one could blame them."

If persons who have rooms to rent will notify Mr. R. F. Hodgins by mail or be telephone they will favor the committee. Colliseum in Readiness.

Chairman Strickler, says that the Coliseum building will be in readiness for the guests by next Thursday evening. The interior of the building is undergoing a transformation under the supervision of Contractor Whit-lock. People who attended the manufacturers exposition will hardly recognize it

The arrangement of the chairs, and the elevation on an inclined plane of all chairs, outside of the space alloted for delegates in the center of the building, is far superior to anything that has heretofore been made in the building. A platform 100 feet long and the building. A platform 100 feet long and thirty feet wide has been built on the west side of the ball for the chairman, secretaries, national committee and the newspaper men. The two press associations, The Ban and the World-Herald will nave prominent places on either side of the speaker's stand. Next in position to these will be the editors of the preminent independent newspapers of the representatives of the metropolitan press throughout the country will be assigned to places, and the remaining seats will be alplaces, and the remaining seats will be al-lotted to the editors of the Nebraska weekly

newspapers.

Mr. Strickier is very auxious to provide Mr. Strickler is very auxious to provide facilities for every working newspaper man who may be assigned for actual work, but he is not disposed to furnish seats on the press platform for newspaper men who come to listen to the proceedings and not for actual work. He feels very kindly toward the Nobraska press in general, and will do his utmost to meet their demands.

The convention hall will have a scating cancily of about 7,000, with ample space in

capacity of about 7,000, with ample space in the aisies and passageways for 2,000 or 3,000 more in case of a crusb. Committee rooms nave been arranged in the annex to the rear, where also the telegraph companies will be

provided with ample working space.

The street car company has agreed to run a stub line from the Twenty-fourth street motor line over to Twentieth and to axtend that line over to Sixteenth street, making a connection with the motor line on that thoroughfare. This will give three times of cars between the city and Coliseum building. With increased car service it is estimated that the vast crowds can be han-

Executive Committee Meeting.

President Coben of the local essembly of the Citizens alliance received a letter this morning from Noan Allen of Wichita, Kan., president of the National Citizens alliance, stating that a meeting of the exceptive committee would be held at the Barker Saturday aftersoon, and that an open meeting would be held in the ball of the local assembly, 112 South Fourteenth street, in the

Grand Master Workman Powderly of the Kuights of Labor will leave Chicago

Thursday evening with a number of the officials of the order and a large number of the eastern delegates to the convention on a special train over the North-western. They will arrive here July 1.

Gossip of Candidates.

The local independents who have for the past few days been carefully nursing a voluptuous hope that Walter Q. Gresham would express a willingness to accept the presidential nomination at the hands of the third party in case it was tendered had their hopes dashed to the ground yesterday by the published an-nouncement that he would not allow his name to be considered here. The local leaders all expressed the belief that his name would have added more strongth to their ticket than could be secured in any other way, and

that he could unquestionably have the nomination if he would take it. Although General J. B. Weaver of Iowa seemed to have the support of the local inde-pendents up to the time of the return of the disgruntled silver men from the Chicago convention and the announcement of their decision to come here and seek satisfaction at the hands of the independents, the sentiment has changed and it is now openly asserted that Weaver is no longer in it. The talk is all in favor of a nominee from a mining state, and Stewart of Nevada and Adams of Colorado have the call, with Watson of Georgia for second

This, however, would destroy the pleasing alliteration that many of the new movement have been counting on. For a while they counted on Donnelly and Davis-Ignatius of Minnesota and J. G. of Texas. Then Polk and Powderly caught the popular fancy, but the death of one and the absolute refuse of the other to be considered. absolute refusal of the other to be considered for either first or second place necessitated the election of another pair, and Weaver and

Watson were set forth.

Now comes the silver situation with other favorites, but it has not yet presented a second-place A to go with Adams or an upper case S to trot with Stewart. Unless thi deficiency can be remedied the namination of either of the mountaineers would not give full and complete satisfaction.

FINANCIAL CLAPTRAP.

Hypoerisy of a Democratic Plank Exposed by Several Bankers.

The platform adopted by the late democratic national convention contains one plank that appears to meet the universal disapproval of people who believe in a sound basis for the currency of the country, and the national banks are particularly earnest in their opposition to the policy advocated by this particular plank. It reads as follows: "We recommend that the prohibitory 10 per cent tax on state bank issues be re-

The law to which this refers is section ,412 of the revised statutes of the United states and reads as follows:

"Every national banking association, state bank, or state banking association shall pay a tax of 10 per cent on the amount of notes of any person or of any state bank or state banking association used for circulation or paid out by them." This is really a part of the national bank-

ng system and acts as a prohibitory measure n preventing state banks from issuing their own currency, because they cannot afford to pay the government 10 per cent for the priviege. With this law wiped out each state oasis of the currency issued by state banks. Speaking of the matter yesterday Mr. Wil-liam Wallace of the Omaha National bank said: "Such a step as that suggested by that plank would bring back the days of the state bank currency, and with that might come the wildcar banks, which were the worst extreme of the old state banking system. It would never do for this country to think of so foolish a step as that. It is out of the question. Every state would have a differ-ent basis of circulation and it would be diffi-

cult to know what a dollar represented."

Mr. Will Millard said: "The repeal of that law would, I think, bring disaster to the whole financial system of the country. There would be no fixed value to our currency if the state banks were permitted to issue their currency without regard to national regulation."

Mr. John L. McCague of the American

National bank said: "The present national banking system was the result of an honest effort to get rid of the dangerous and ruinous state banking system that filled the country with wildcat money and left no substantial basis for anything. The national system is the only safe system. It is claimed, of course, that the national banks have a great snap because they get interest on the great snap because they get interest on the government bonds they deposit to secure their circulation. But let us look at the other side of the matter a mother banks have to pay a gish, to permanently cure habitual constipation. premium at the present time for these bonds of about 17 per cent. We are then permitted to circulate only 90 per cent of the amount represented by the bonds. There you see is 27 per cent of our money lying idle to start with. The interest we draw on the bonds will never make that even. If the country needs more money I should think that a good way to get it would be to nermit the national banks to circulate the full amount of their capital instead of keeping part of it idleness. The scheme proposed in the in idleness. The scheme proposed in the democratic platform, I am sure, will not meet with favor among those who know anything about the financial history of the country." Mr. Ben B. Wood of the Nebraska National

o that particular plank in the platform of his party.

"The people wouldn't take money issued by the state banks if they were permitted to issue it," said Mr. Wood. "That was simply put into the piatform to catch votes. It will please the fellows who are calling for more money, I suppose, but the fact of the business is it don't mean anything. We would not handle a dollar of currency issued by state banks, and everybody else would feel just the same way about it. The people must have good money. Any talk to the contrary is utter nonsense."

DURHAM

pank is a democrat but he is stoutly opposed

When the Board of County Commissioners Reorganizes.

REPUBLICANS NOW HAVE THE MAJORITY

Will Repay Democratic Arrogance-Promise of a Revolution in the Chairmanship and the

Committees.

The Board of County Commissioners will hold a special meeting Thursday afternoon, and unless something happens in the meantime there will be a general upheaval and disarrangement of quite a number of things. John Williams of Elk City, the commissioner who was appointed last Saturday night, will be on hand to look after the wants of the residents and taxpayers of the

third district. In this connection it is meet and proper to state that the appointment of Mr. Williams made the board republican, as Messrs. Paddock and Van Camp are the only democrats. This being the case, they find but little on which to pin their faith in looking around for honors.

The first hard work that will confe before the board will be the election of a chairman and as the democrats are hopelessly in the minority they will sit by and waten the three republicans, Mesers. Berlin, Stenberg and Williams, take the cake and the whole

bakery. Like Barkts, All Are Willin'.

Who will be the chairman is a question that no member seems anxious to ust yet. It is known, however, that Mr. Berlin has his lines out and that he hopes to drag the prize into his not, and he will if he succeeds in getting two votes besides his

Mr. Stenberg says that he would not take the position if it was tendered on a silver platter, but the cold glitter in the judge's eve when he makes this statement indicates that he is "talking through his hat."
Mr. Williams' official career is of such short

duration that he could not be expected to be a candidate. Messrs. Paddock and Van Camp both declare that money would not nduce either of them to sit and exercise authority over the deliberations of the board, though, on the side, each of them intimates that if none of the three republicans will take the chairmanship he will serve rather than see the play stop. Turning the Tables on the Democrats.

The rearrangement of the committees is to e another important feature of the Thursday meeting as all of the committees will be reorganized. Last January when the new board was organized, Chairman Timme made up his committee like this: Finance-Paddock Van Camp and Sten-

Judiciary-Van Camp, Paddock and Ber-Charity-Stenberg, Van Camp and Pad-

Construction -Berlin and entire board, Roads-Paddock, Van Camp and Stenberg. Poor Farm-Van Camp, Paddock and Sten Bridges-Van Camp, Paddock and Berlin

Court House-Paddock, Van Camp and From the above it will be seen that the re publicans, figuratively speaking, were not in t. They tailed up the committees on finance, judiciary, roads, poor farm, bridges and court house, the democrats being in the ma-

jority on each. As a little balm to heal their wounded feet ings Stenberg was given the charity com-mittee, but in looking after the affairs of this committee he was tied to two democrats, Berlin got the construction committee, but it has been an empty honor, as the county has had nothing constructed that required the attention of this committee.

The action at that time angered the repubileans, but they nursed the burning fires of chagrin, declaring that some day they would get even. That day has come and now they propose to turn the tables. If Berlin gets the chairmanship he will parcel the committees out to Stenberg and Williams, leaving either raddock or Van Camp to bring up the rear, and if Stenberg should happen to secure the chair he will favor Berlin and Williams.

healthy activity, without irritating or weak-ening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

- A Question of Race. The case of Margaret Sloan, Thomas L. Sloan et al. against the Omaha tribe of Indians was taken up in the United States court yesterday. The case involves the question of the pedigree of the plaintiffs and the right to have a share in the allotment of lands by the government among the Omaha tribe. The plaintiffs hold that they are members of the Omaha tribe by lineal descent, although there is a liberal mixture of white blood in their veins. The defendants, on the other hand, hold that the plaintiffs were read out of the tribe, so to speak, long ago and have no right or title to a share of the lands that become to the Omahas. beiong to the Omahas.

"Late to bed and early to rise will shortet the road to your home in the skies." Bun early to bed and "Little Early Riser," the pill that mases life longer and better and

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PUREST. MOST RELIABLE.

Had lived in this great age of ours.

He would have called for BULL DURHAM

To smoke in his pipe, ____

The Millionaire in his palace,

The Laborer in his cottage,

Comfort-lovers everywhere,

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BE A MAN STRONG and VIGOROUS in all respects
by using SPAVISH
NERVINE, the great Spanish Remedy. YOUNG MEN
OR OLD suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST or
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prostration, cause d by the use of optum, tobacco or alcohol, wakefulness, mental copression, loss of power m either sex, spermator
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thes with 6 boxes to cure any case or refund the money, \$1 a box 6 boxes \$5
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The Swell on the street,

The Sailor on his ship,

If old King Cole the merry old soul,

BLACKWELL'S BULL DURHAM

Dr. Cullimore, ocunst, Bas building

COLD DAY FOR DEMOCRATS AN EMPHATIC TRUTH

Catarrh with Its Serious Complications Not Only Carses Great Suffering, But Is Dangerous to Life-A Typical Case.

Mrs. Ella Albertson is a well known lady of Council Bluffs. Her father is Henry Haywood, Esq. ! one of the first settlers of Garner township, Pottawatta-

settlers of Garner township, Pottawattamie county. Mrs. Albertson gives the following facts:

"I have found such great relief in the special treatment of Drs. Copeland and Shepard that I hope my experience will be of help to my friends and others who suffer as I did.

"When I first consulted these physicians I was a great sufferer. My head ached incessantly. This of itself was a terriole affliction. I also had a hacking cough with soreness of the chest and continual pains in my sides. I was weak and rested poorly at night. My eyes were weak and irritable and I had constantly to haw's and spit to clear my throat and nose. stantly to haw? and spit to clear my throat and nose.

"I am now entirely free from all these distressing complaints that threatened to shorten my life and made me so miserable. My work does not tire me. I have no headache. My appetite is greatly improved.

In short, strength and comfort have taken the place of weakness and pain. I AM COMPLETELY CURED.

"I KNOW that Drs. Copeland and Shepard's system successes in severe cases where ordinary treatment is a FAILURE."

NOW IS THE TIME. In such diseases as catarrh and its kindred ailments, it is especially advisable that the sufferer be not deceived by the bland influence of the summer season, and that he recognize the necessity of securing that medical aid which is needed for perfect co-operation with nature.

Catarrh is an obstinate and dangerous disease. It clims tenaciously to the system and grows more malignant with each returning fall.

fail.

Now is the time. Those who suffer from catarrh should take advantage of all the influences that operate now in favor of a cure. They should not put off treatment until next winter's storing days, but should prudently "mend their roof while the sun shines." Now is the time, and the opportunity is just what is desired for the worst cases. Do not let it go by, but pince yourself under the treatment of Drs. Concland & Shepari and have done for you in the next month or two what might not be possible the next summer.

Miss Maggie Burnett, of Red Oak owa, has been under Drs. Copeland and Shepard's treatment for catarrh and lung disease for several weeks. makes the following statement of her



(MISS MAGGIE BURNETT.)

"I cannot remember when I was not weak and sickly. From a child my health was very poor, so that I could go to school but a little while at a time. It was thought I had inherited consumption.

"My firstsymptoms were hawking and spitting of mucus from the throat and nose. Soreness of the chest and lures and a slight court. My stomach was very weak and apporte poor. I was very weak and apporte poor. I was very weak and sort of breath, and slight exertion utterly exhausted me.

"Later oo, I began to have chilis and fever, with night sweats. With these came loss of flesh, a pale and unhealthy color of the skin, and ALL THE SYMPTOMS OF A DELINE.

"I was placed under the care of the leading physician of our city, who, after treating me a while, plainly told me that he could not help me as I had inherited consumption. Another physician of equal reputation told me the same. It was indeed a gloomy outlook.

"By the advice of a friend who had herself received help from Drs. Copeland and Shepard. I began their system of treatment. The results have been surreising. My annetite ard. I began their system of treatment. The results have been surprising. My appetite and strength have returned. I am daily feeling better. I gained nine pounds during the dirst month. In short I know I am rapidly getting well, for all those distressing signs of consumption, which so long worried me, are entirely disappearing. I have found unlocked for aid in the special treatment of Drs. Copeland and Shepard."

\$5 A MONTH. CATARRH TREATED AT THE UNIFORM RATE OF \$5 A MONTH—MEDICINES FURNISHED FREE. FOR ALL OTHER DISEASES THE RATES WILL BE LOW AND UNIFORM AND IN PROPORTION TO THE ACTUAL WHOLESALE COST OF MEDICINES REQUIRED.

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and Kidneys

of the Throat, Lungs, Stomach, Liver and Kidneys.

Office hours: 2 to 11 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m., 7 to 5 p.m. Sunday, 19 a.m. to 1 p.m.

Catarrh troubles and kindred diseases treated successfully by mail. Send 4c in stamps for question circulars. Address all letters to Capelana Medical Justitute, New York Life Building, Omaha, Neb.

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NEBRASKA

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THE IRON BANK. Art Glass for New City Hall, Omaha, Neb

Art Glass for New City Hall, Omana, New Scaled bids will be received at this office up to \$\(\text{to} \) p. July 13th, 1822, for the art glass ceiling in rotunda of city hall. Bidders to furnish their own sketches, and each bid to be accompanied by a certified check of \$100; cost not te exceed \$4,005. Specifications on file at the office of Architect Beindorff, 507 flee Buildins. The right is reserved to reject any or all bid THEO. GLSEN.

SUMMER'S TUFF

SUMMER STUFF. You can divide that up in sections to suit. You can say it fast

or slow. You can say it all in one sentence, or you can say it on the installment plan—a little at a time; it comes out in the same way every time you say it-Summer's "tuff" on summer stuff. Man gets up in the morning—and arrays himself in all his glory, like Solomon of old—(but in a more modern costume of course). He puts on a clean shirt, immaculate collar and cuffs and his best summer suit and sallies forth looking as slick as the famous "posey" of Solomon's time. One of "old Sol's" rays strikes him, and raises cain with his raiment. A good thing for a sensible man like you to do, is to come right down town and see us; not that we'll give you a "cool reception"—far from it; but that we'll show you good things for a man in your business to wear. Take our elevator—or rather don't take it, we might want to use it again; but ride up to second floor in our elevator and see the hundreds of elegant coats and vests for summer. You'll see fine fancy striped brilliantine coats and vests at two fifty; you'll see fine changeable brilliantine and all wool flannel coats and vests, worth four fifty, marked two dollars and ninety cents; at three fifty you'll be shown coats and vests in fine serges and Drap d'Etes, that our neighbors think good enough to get six dollars for; you'll see the finest imported bedford cords and Engish serges made into coats and vests, and marked five and a quarter; you'll find the same goods being sold in Omaha for eight and nine dollars. These goods come in every shade and color from sombre black to the lightest smoke. After you buy your coat and vest (because buy you will)-go down stairs to the shirt department--look at the magnificent line of fine summer shirts. See the beautiful colorings, the handsome patterns, the excellent workmanship. See the goods at a dollar -- at one fifteen -- at one forty -- at one seventy-five -- at one ninety --at two twenty-five. Compare them in your mind with goods you've seen at from one fifty to four dollars. Have your shirts wrapped up with your coat and vest and go down and see the shoe man. He's selling "low" shoes this week. Oxfords, one fifteen -- one thirty-five -- two twenty-five; Southern ties, one thirty-five--one sixty-five--two fiftytwo seventy-five. You'll find your low shoes cooler when you change at home.

Hebraska Clothung Co

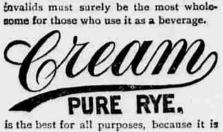
Tooth-Food.

cures pains of teething and resulting diseases, not by putting children to sleep with an opiate, for it contains no harmful drugs, but by supplying the teeth-forming ingredients which are lacking in most mothers' milk and all artificial foods. It is sweet and babies like it. \$1.00 a bottle, at all druggists. Send for pamphlet, "Teething Made Easy."

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The best whiskey for consumptives and envalids must surely be the most wholesome for those who use it as a beverage.



guaranteed to be absolutely pure and doubly matured. You may know it by its delicious flavor and the proprietary bottle in which it is served. Call for "Cream Pure Rye" and take no other. For sale at all first-class drinking places and drug stores. DALLEMAND & CO , Chicago.



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F. A. NASH, Gen'l Agent. AMUSEMENT S.

WONDERLAND. WEEK COMMENCING JUNE 27.

BLIOU OPERA CO .- "Trip to India." "LULU," The Utab Magnetic Girl,
"ROLLA," The Living Half Woman. THE GALLOWS used in Executing Noti and Dixon 10c. TO ALL, 10c.

Theater Tickets 5c and 10c.

This medicine for babies prevents and Old Soldiers in Poor-Houses

Pension Agents in Palaces That is the sort of thing Tha Bee Bureau of Claims was organized to correct. Bureau believes in giving

the veterans the benefit of the laws that were passed to help them. It wages war on the sharks-consequently the sharks don't like it. But as long as the soldiers are grateful it is satisfied. If you are a veteran, or the widow, child or dependant parent of a veteran, write to The Bas Bureau of Claims and find out how

much the government is willing to do for you. -THE--Bee Bureau of Claims Omaha, Neb.



Weak Limbs, Varicose Veins Swellings, all sizes. - Abdominal Supporters, Deformity Braces, Medicinal Supplies. THE ALOE& PENFOLD COMPANY.

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The only logally graduated Chinese physician Eight years' study. The goars practical experience with all known diseases. Treats successfully all chronic cases given up by other doctors. Call and see him or write for question blank. Do not think your case hopeless because your dector tells you so, but try the Chinese doctor with his new and wonderful remedies, and receive new benefits and a permanent cure—what other doctors cannot give. Herbs, Roots and Plants—nature's remedies—his medicines. The world his witness. One thousand testimonials in three years' practics. No injurious decoctions, no narcotics, no poison. Hational treatment and permanent cure.

Following cases successfully treated and cured, given up by other doctors: Thos. Coughlin, 442 Harney street, chronic rhou-matism 6 years, kidney and liver troubles.

Thos. Culvert, 12th and Farnam streets, general debility, indigestion, loss of strength and vitality. Took medicine for years but got no relief, M. L. Anderson, 1321 Cuming street, extarch, asthma and bronchitts of fifteen years standing.

Has for sale the following prepared remedies at \$1.00 a bottle, six bottles for \$3.00, for the care of Asthma. Catarrh. Sick Head sche, Indigostion, Blood Poisoning, Rheumatism, Female Weakness, Ridney and Liver Complaint. No accoust. Sold only by Chinese Medicine Co., Capital, \$103,03.

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